COMMITTEE REPORT

MR. PRESIDENT:

The Senate Committee on Rules and Legislative Procedure, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 36, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill be AMENDED as follows:

1	Delete the title and insert the following:
2	A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning
3	family law and juvenile law.
4	Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:
5	SECTION 1. IC 20-8.1-5.1-8 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 8. (a) The following are
7	the grounds for student suspension or expulsion, subject to the
8	procedural requirements of this chapter and as stated by school
9	corporation rules:
10	(1) Student misconduct.
11	(2) Substantial disobedience.
12	(b) The grounds for suspension or expulsion listed in subsection (a)
13	apply when a student is:
14	(1) on school grounds immediately before or during school hours,
15	or immediately after school hours, or at any other time when the
16	school is being used by a school group;
17	(2) off school grounds at a school activity, function, or event; or
18	(3) traveling to or from school or a school activity, function, or
19	event.
20	(c)Asuperintendentorthesuperintendent'sdesigneemaysend
21	written notice of the suspension or expulsion of a student under
22	this section to:
23	(1) the prosecuting attorney; or
24	(2) the office of family and children;
25	of the county in which the school corporation is located if there is
26	an agreement as described in IC $31-34-1-7.5(a)(2)$.

2 SECTION 2. IC 20-8.1-5.1-9 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. (a) In addition to the grounds specified in section 8 of this chapter, a student may be suspended or expelled for engaging in unlawful activity on or off school grounds if: (1) the unlawful activity may reasonably be considered to be an interference with school purposes or an educational function; or (2) the student's removal is necessary to restore order or protect persons on school property; including an unlawful activity during weekends, holidays, other school breaks, and the summer period when a student may not be attending classes or other school functions. (b) A superintendent or the superintendent's designee may send written notice of suspension or expulsion of a student under this section to: (1) the prosecuting attorney; or (2) the office of family and children; of the county in which the school corporation is located if there is an agreement as described in IC 31-34-1-7.5(a)(2). SECTION 3. IC 20-8.1-5.1-10, AS AMENDED BY P.L.123-2002, SECTION 25, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) As used in this section, "firearm" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-47-1-5. (b) As used in this section, "deadly weapon" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-41-1-8. The term does not include a firearm or destructive device. (c) As used in this section, "destructive device" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-47.5-2-4. (d) Notwithstanding section 14 of this chapter, a student who is: (1) identified as bringing a firearm or destructive device to school

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- (1) identified as bringing a firearm or destructive device to school or on school property; or
- (2) in possession of a firearm or destructive device on school property;

must be expelled for a period of at least one (1) calendar year, with the return of the student to be at the beginning of the first school semester after the end of the one (1) year period.

- (e) The superintendent may, on a case-by-case basis, modify the period of expulsion under subsection (d) for a student who is expelled under this section.
 - (f) Notwithstanding section 14 of this chapter, a student who is:
 - (1) identified as bringing a deadly weapon to school or on school property; or
- (2) in possession of a deadly weapon on school property; may be expelled for a period of not more than one (1) calendar year.
- (g) A superintendent or the superintendent's designee shall immediately notify the appropriate law enforcement agency having jurisdiction over the property where the school is located if a student engages in a behavior described in subsection (d). The superintendent may give similar notice if the student engages in a behavior described in subsection (f). Upon receiving notification under this subsection, the

law enforcement agency shall begin an investigation and take 1 2 appropriate action. 3 (h) A student with disabilities (as defined in IC 20-1-6.1-7) who possesses a firearm on school property is subject to procedural 4 5 safeguards under 20 U.S.C. 1415. (i) A superintendent or the superintendent's designee may send 6 7 written notice of expulsion to the county: (1) prosecuting attorney; or 8 (2) office of family and children; 9 10 in which the school corporation is located if there is an agreement as described in IC 31-34-1-7.5(a)(2). 11 SECTION 4. IC 31-34-1-7.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 12 13 AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7.5. (a) A child may be adjudicated a child in need of 14 services if: 15 (1) the child is a student at an elementary or secondary school 16 and is suspended or expelled under: 17 (A) IC 20-8.1-5.1-8; 18 (B) IC 20-8.1-5.1-9; or 19 (C) IC 20-8.1-5.1-10; and 20 21 (A) school corporation (as defined in IC 20-1-6-1); 22 (B) county office of family and children; 23 (C) prosecuting attorney; and 24 (D) judge of the court with juvenile jurisdiction; 25 have entered into an agreement under which a child described 26 in subdivision (1) is referred to the juvenile court of the 27 county in which the school corporation is located for 28 determination of whether the child is a child in need of 29 services as provided in this article. 30 31 (b) If a child is adjudicated a child in need of services under this section, the school corporation is responsible for the costs of all 32 services ordered for the child (other than secure detention) and for 33 the child's parent, guardian, or custodian under IC 31-40-1. The 34 35 county may obtain reimbursement from the school corporation for the payment of those costs under IC 31-40-1-2(c). 36 37 SECTION 5. IC 31-34-9-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) The prosecuting 38 attorney or the attorney for the county office of family and children: 39 (1) may request the juvenile court to authorize the filing of a 40 petition alleging that a child is a child in need of services; and 41 (2) shall represent the interests of the state at this proceeding and 42 at all subsequent proceedings on the petition. 43 44 (b) A petition may not be requested under subsection (a)(1) for a child described in IC 31-34-1-7.5(a)(1) unless the prosecuting 45 46 attorney or the attorney for the county office of family and children receives written notice of the child's suspension or 47 48 expulsion from the school corporation. 49 SECTION 6. IC 31-34-10-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS

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FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. Before complying

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with the other requirements of this chapter, the juvenile court shall first 1 2 determine whether the following conditions make it appropriate to 3 appoint a guardian ad litem or a court appointed special advocate, or 4 both, for the child: 5 (1) If the child is alleged to be a child in need of services: (A) under IC 31-34-1-6; 6 7 (B) under IC 31-34-1-10 or IC 31-34-1-11; 8 (C) due to the inability, refusal, or neglect of the child's parent, 9 guardian, or custodian to supply the child with the necessary 10 medical care; or (D) because the location of both of the child's parents is 11 12 unknown; the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem or court appointed 13 special advocate, or both, for the child. 14 (2) If the child is alleged to be a child in need of services under: 15 (A) IC 31-34-1-1; 16 (B) IC 31-34-1-2; 17 (C) IC 31-34-1-3; 18 19 (D) IC 31-34-1-4; (E) IC 31-34-1-5; 20 21 (F) IC 31-34-1-7; or 22 (G) IC 31-34-1-7.5; or **(H)** IC 31-34-1-8; 23 24 the court may appoint a guardian ad litem, court appointed special advocate, or both, for the child. 25 (3) If the parent, guardian, or custodian of a child denies the 26 allegations of a petition under section 6 of this chapter, the court 27 28 shall appoint a guardian ad litem, court appointed special advocate, or both, for the child. 29 30 SECTION 7. IC 31-34-10-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. The juvenile court 31 shall inform the parent or guardian of the estate that if the child is 32 adjudicated a child in need of services: 33 (1) the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child may be required 34 to participate in a program of care, treatment, or rehabilitation for 35 the child: 36 37 (2) the parent or guardian may be held financially responsible for services provided for the parent, guardian, or child unless the 38 39 child is adjudicated a child in need of services under IC 31-34-1-7.5; and 40 41 (3) the parent, guardian, or custodian of the child may controvert 42 the following: 43 (A) Allegations made at the child's dispositional or other hearing concerning the parent's, guardian's, or custodian's 44 45 participation. 46 (B) Allegations concerning the parent's or guardian's financial responsibility for services that would be provided. 47 SECTION 8. IC 31-34-18-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 48 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) A report is not 49 required under this section if the child is alleged to be a child in 50

need of services under IC 31-34-1-7.5.

 (b) The probation officer or caseworker shall also prepare a financial report on the parent or the estate of the child to assist the juvenile court in determining the person's financial responsibility for services provided for the child or the person.

SECTION 9. IC 31-34-19-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. The juvenile court shall hold a dispositional hearing to consider the following:

- (1) Alternatives for the care, treatment, rehabilitation, or placement of the child.
- (2) The necessity, nature, and extent of the participation by a parent, a guardian, or a custodian in the program of care, treatment, or rehabilitation for the child.
- (3) The financial responsibility of the parent or guardian of the estate for services provided for the parent or guardian or the child unless the child is adjudicated a child in need of services under IC 31-34-1-7.5.

SECTION 10. IC 31-40-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.273-1999, SECTION 119, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) **Subject to subsection (c)**, the county shall pay from the county family and children's fund the cost of:

- (1) any services ordered by the juvenile court for any child or the child's parent, guardian, or custodian, other than secure detention; and
- (2) returning a child under IC 31-37-23.
- (b) The county fiscal body shall provide sufficient money to meet the court's requirements.
- (c) In the case of a child adjudicated a child in need of services under IC 31-34-1-7.5, the county is entitled to reimbursement of all payments made by the county under subsection (a)(1) from the school corporation that suspended or expelled the child.

SECTION 11. IC 31-40-1-3, AS AMENDED BY P.L.273-1999, SECTION 120, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. (a) This section does not apply to the parent or guardian of the estate of a child adjudicated a child in need of services under IC 31-34-1-7.5.

- **(b)** A parent or guardian of the estate of a child adjudicated a delinquent child or a child in need of services is financially responsible as provided in this chapter (or IC 31-6-4-18(e) before its repeal) for any services ordered by the court.
- (b) (c) Each parent of a child alleged to be a child in need of services or alleged to be a delinquent child shall, before a dispositional hearing, furnish the court with an accurately completed and current child support obligation worksheet on the same form that is prescribed by the Indiana supreme court for child support orders.

(c) (d) At:

- (1) a detention hearing;
- (2) a hearing that is held after the payment of costs by a county under section 2 of this chapter (or IC 31-6-4-18(b) before its repeal);

1	(3) the dispositional hearing; or		
2	(4) any other hearing to consider modification of a dispositional		
3	decree;		
4	the juvenile court shall order the child's parents or the guardian of the		
5	child's estate to pay for, or reimburse the county for the cost of, services		
6	provided to the child or the parent or guardian unless the court finds		
7	that the parent or guardian is unable to pay or that justice would not be		
8	served by ordering payment from the parent or guardian.		
9	SECTION 12. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003] IC 31-34-1-7.5, as		
10	added by this act, applies to an act or omission resulting in		
11	suspension or expulsion only if the act or omission occurs after		
12	June 30, 2003.		
	(Reference is to SB 36 as introduced.)		

and when so amended that said bill be reassigned to the Senate Committee on Judiciary.

GARTON	Chairperson